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# Manufacturing Alcohol to Combat a Public Health Emergency:

Insights on Regulatory and Quality Requirements



## Ethanol for Food, Pharma and Fuel Applications

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# Just a bit about me...



- 1994: Started at largest distillery in the world. ~70 different ethanol products.
- 2000: Transferred to largest corn processing plant in the world.
   Became a food ingredient expert.
- 2007: Worked for ethanol trade association.
- 2015: Started ethanol consulting.
- 2018- Present: Building domestic and global ethanol markets.

### **Ethanol Characteristics**

- Water-white solvent that is flammable and consumable.
- Very water soluble, broad range of solubilities.
- Readily evaporates.
- Natural, biodegradable.

#### TYPICAL INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL APPLICATIONS

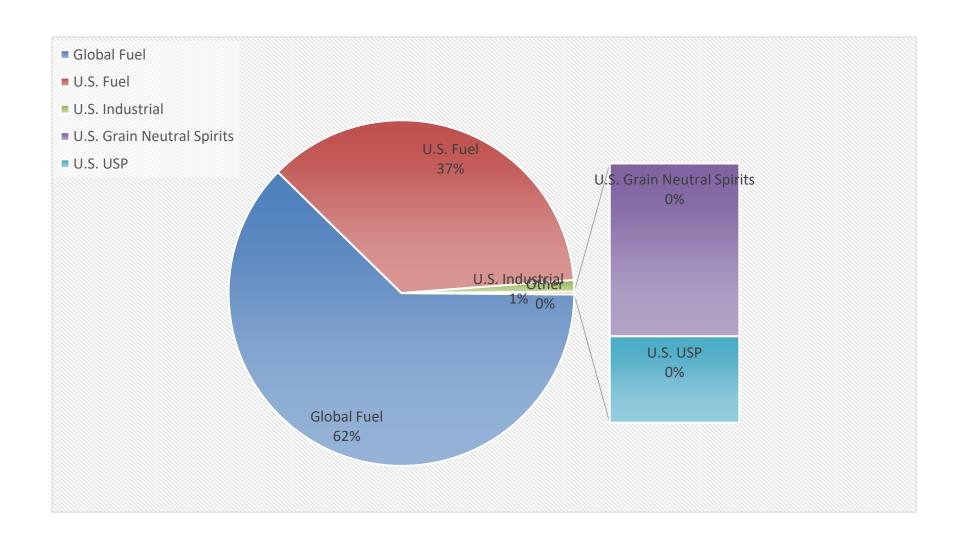
Acetic acid • Adhesives and binders • Animal feed supplements • Antibiotics • Antifreeze • Antiseptic solutions • Bath preparations • Bay rum • Brake fluids • Candy glazes • Chemicals • Cleaning solutions • Coatings • Colognes • Cutting oils • Dentifrices • Deodorants • Detergents • Detonators • Disinfectants • Drugs and medicinal chemicals • Duplicating fluids • Dyes • External pharmaceuticals • Fluids • Food products • Fungicides • Hair and scalp preparations • Incense • Inks • Insecticides • Iodine solutions • Laboratory reagents • Lacquer thinners • Liniments • Lotions and skin creams • Mouthwashes • Perfumes • Petroleum products • Photoengraving dyes and solutions • Photographic chemicals • Photographic film and emulsion • Plastics • Polishes • Preserving solutions • Refrigeration • Rotogravure dyes and solutions • Rubber • Rubbing alcohol compounds • Scientific instruments • Shampoo • Shellac • Soaps • Soldering flux • Solvents and thinners • Stains • Sterilizing solutions • Theater sprays • Transparent sheetings • Vaccines • Vinegar • Vitamins • Witch hazel • Wood stains

These are just some of the hundreds of products made with industrial ethyl alcohol.

- Adds no odor or color.
- Can be used as a carrier.
- Agricultural derived, no fossil fuel.
- All types of ethanol can be produced at a single facility.



## Sizing up the Ethanol Markets



# Ethanol by Application

- The fuel business is heavily regulated by Federal, state and local officials.
- There are rigorous customer expectations by the global oil companies.
- The non-fuel business is also heavily regulated.

| Application            | Grade, Regulatory Oversight               | Example  |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Pharmaceutical         | US Pharmacopeia (USP), IPEC, FDA, TTB     | Hand Sanitizer, Drug formulation, Mouthwash    |
| Food                   | Food Chemical Codex (FCC), FDA, TTB       | Liquor/ Spirits, Vinegar, Flavorings           |
| Cosmetics, Toiletries  | Food Chemical Codex (FCC), FDA, TTB       | Hair Spray, Lotions, Soaps                     |
| Detergents, Biocides   | American Chemical Society (ACS), FDA, TTB | Contact cleaners, surface cleaners             |
| Industrial Solvents    | Customer dictated, TTB                    | Printing Inks, Mineral Spirits, Paint Thinner  |
| Chemical Intermediates | Customer dictated, TTB                    | Polymers, plastics, glycol ethers (antifreeze) |
| Fuel                   | ASTM, EPA, TTB                            | Gasoline blending, Ethanol Flex Fuels          |

# Purity & Regulatory Oversight Comparison

USP

- Active Ingredient application requiring very high-quality product and production process.
- USP monograph, IPEC standards, FDA registration & oversight.

Food

- Consumable good, cosmetic skin application requiring high quality product. Grain Neutral Spirits fits in this category.
- FCC- NF monograph, FDA oversight.

Industrial, Fuel

- Chemical Intermediate, detergent, solvent application. Impurities acceptable limited by application constraints. Fuel applications are spark-ignition engine needs.
- Customer dictated, ACS grade, ASTM, EPA oversight.

Ethanol has a standard slate of characteristics; impurities and limits are set by application needs:

Ethanol: Vol. % Water: Vol. %

Methanol: Vol. %

Other impurities: ppm or not limited.

Nonvolatile matter:

Acidity: mg/l as acetic acid Color: PtCo or other scale.

Permanganate Time: Minutes.

# Ethanol Quality: Managing Multiple Standards

- USP Monograph Alcohol.
- FCC Monograph Alcohol
- ASTM D4806 Specification for Denatured Ethanol.



Designation: D4806 – 20

# Standard Specification for Denatured Fuel Ethanol for Blending with Gasolines for Use as Automotive Spark-Ignition Engine Fuel<sup>1</sup>



#### **TABLE 1 Performance Requirements**

| Property   | Limit                     | Method                        |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Ethanol, % by volume, min  | 92.1                      | D5501                         |
| Methanol, % by volume, max   | 0.5                       | D5501                         |
| Solvent-washed gum content, mg/100 mL, max                                   | 5                         | D381                          |
| Water, % by volume (% by mass), max  | 1.0 (1.26)                | D7923, E203, or E1064         |
| Inorganic Chloride, mg/kg (mg/L), max  | 6.7 (5)                   | D7319 or D7328                |
| Copper, mg/kg, max   | 0.1                       | D1688                         |
| Acidity (as acetic acid CH <sub>3</sub> COOH) mg/kg, (% by mass) [mg/L], max | 70 (0.0070) [56] (Note 2) | D7795                         |
| pHe  | 6.5 to 9.0                | D6423                         |
| Sulfur, mg/kg, max   | 30.                       | D2622, D3120, D5453, or D7039 |
| Existent sulfate, mg/kg, max   | 4                         | D7318, D7319, or D7328        |

## **Ethanol Industry Needs: Updates**

| Parameter                       | <b>Current Entry</b> | Proposed<br>Change                             | Justification  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Ethanol<br>Content,<br>Volume % | 94.9% -<br>96.0%     | 94.9% to <b>96.5</b> %                         | Natural azeotrope for ethanol distilling is 96.5%. De-proofing should not be a requirement.                              |
| Temperature,°C                  | 15.56°C              | Recognize<br>20°C                              | Recognition of both 15.56°C and 20°C.  |
| Organic<br>Impurities           | GC method            | Carrier gas<br>(H2),<br>Internal<br>Standards, | Internal standard alongside recognition of GC technology will advance the use and efficiency of this important analysis. |
| Acidity                         | Phenolphthalein      | Auto-<br>titrator,<br>Elimination<br>of CO2.   | The current method is subjective and prone to false high due to CO2 interference.  |

## Final Thoughts

- The USP monograph has not materially changed since its inception.
  - One exception: FDA prompted a change in Fall 2020.
  - Industry was not involved with this change.
- The industry has up to date laboratory analytical equipment that can be utilized.
  - There is also a great desire to improve the USP analytical techniques.
     Example: Acidity, Gas Chromatography.
- We need to build relationships and education between government, USP and <u>industry</u> in order for ethanol to continue to grow and play a vital role in combatting this pandemic.



Thank you!

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### **Facilitated Discussion**



### Questions VIA the Q&A Feature:

Step 1: Click on the Q&A icon at the bottom of the screen. The Q&A panel will appear along the right-hand side of the WebEx screen



- ▶ Step 2: All questions/comments should be sent to [All Panelists]. By default, when sending a message, it will go to everyone. To send your question to [All Panelists], click on the drop-down labeled To: and select [All Panelist].
- > Step 3: We ask that you include your name and the organization you are representing when submitting your question.
- The **Q&A monitor** for the event will ask your question to the speaker. Any unanswered questions will be answered by email.

## Open Floor – Q&A with the Panel



# Facilitators: Danita Broyles & Andy Powers

#### Panelists:

- Stephen Andruski | USP
- Conner Curran | Dexterous DMCC
- Francis Godwin | U.S. FDA
- Robert Lafaver | USP
- Theresa Michelle | U.S. FDA
- Kristin Moore | KMoore Consulting LLC
- Andy Powers | Newton Enterprises
- Robert Shimahara | USP

# Thank You



**Empowering a healthy tomorrow**