

## Cellacefate

Portions of the monograph text that are national *USP* text, and are not part of the harmonized text, are marked with symbols (†) to specify this fact.

Cellulose, acetate, 1,2-benzenedicarboxylate;  
Cellulose acetate phthalate [9004-38-0].

### DEFINITION

Cellacefate is a reaction product of phthalic anhydride and a partial acetate ester of cellulose. It contains NLT 21.5% and NMT 26.0% of acetyl (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>3</sub>O) groups and NLT 30.0% and NMT 36.0% of phthalyl (o-carboxybenzoyl) (C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>5</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) groups, calculated on the anhydrous, acid-free basis.

### IDENTIFICATION

- **A. INFRARED ABSORPTION** (197K): Do not dry specimens.

### ASSAY

#### • PHTHALYL CONTENT

**Sample solution:** Transfer 1 g to a conical flask, dissolve in 50 mL of a mixture of alcohol and acetone (3:2), and add phenolphthalein TS.

**Analysis:** Titrate the *Sample solution* with 0.1 N sodium hydroxide VS. Perform a blank determination, and make any necessary correction (see *Titrimetry* (541)).

Calculate the percentage of phthalyl on the acid-free basis:

$$\text{Result} = \frac{[(1.491 \times A/W) - (1.795 \times B)]}{(100 - B)} \times 100$$

A = volume of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide consumed, corrected for the blank (mL)

W = weight of Cellacefate taken, calculated on the anhydrous basis (g)

B = percentage of acid found in the test for *Limit of Free Acid*

**Acceptance criteria:** 30.0%–36.0% of phthalyl (C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>5</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) on the anhydrous, acid-free basis

#### Change to read:

#### • CONTENT OF ACETYL

**Sample solution:** Transfer 100 mg to a glass-stoppered flask, and add 25.0 mL of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide VS. Connect the flask to a reflux condenser, and reflux for 30 min. Cool, and add  $\text{m}_{15} \text{ (NF30)}$  phenolphthalein TS.

**Analysis:** Titrate the *Sample solution* with 0.1 N hydrochloric acid VS. Perform a blank determination (see *Titrimetry* (541)).

Calculate the free and combined acids as acetyl:

$$\text{Result} = 0.4305 \times (A/W)$$

A = volume of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide consumed, corrected for the blank (mL)

W = weight of Cellacefate taken, calculated on the anhydrous basis (g)

Calculate the percentage of acetyl on the acid-free basis:

$$\text{Result} = \frac{[(P - 0.5182 \times B)/(100 - B)] - (0.5772 \times C)}{100} \times 100$$

P = free and combined acids, as acetyl

B = percentage of acid found in the test for *Limit of Free Acid*

C = percentage of phthalyl found in the test for *Phthalyl Content*

**Acceptance criteria:** 21.5%–26.0% of acetyl (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>3</sub>O) on the anhydrous, acid-free basis

### IMPURITIES

- **RESIDUE ON IGNITION** (281): NMT 0.1%
- **HEAVY METALS, Method II** (231): NMT 10 µg/g
- **LIMIT OF FREE ACID**

**Sample solution:** Transfer 3.0 g to a glass-stoppered flask, add 100 mL of dilute methanol (1 in 2), insert the stopper in the flask, and shake for 2 h. Filter, and wash the flask and the filter with two 10-mL portions of the methanol solution, adding the washings to the filtrate.

**Analysis:** Titrate the combined filtrate and washings from the *Sample solution* with 0.1 N sodium hydroxide VS to a phenolphthalein endpoint. Perform a blank determination on 120 mL of the dilute methanol (1 in 2) (see *Titrimetry* (541)).

Calculate the percentage of free acid, B:

$$\text{Result} = 0.8306 \times A/W$$

A = volume of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide consumed, corrected for the blank (mL)

W = weight of Cellacefate taken, calculated on the anhydrous basis (g)

**Acceptance criteria:** NMT 3.0%, calculated as phthalic acid

### SPECIFIC TESTS

#### Change to read:

#### • WATER DETERMINATION, Method I (921)

**Sample:** 0.5 g  $\text{m}_{15} \text{ (NF30)}$

**Analysis:** Dissolve the *Sample* in a mixture of dehydrated alcohol and methylene chloride (3:2) instead of methanol as the solvent.

**Acceptance criteria:** NMT 5.0%

#### • VISCOSITY (911)

**Sample:** 15 g, calculated on the anhydrous basis

**Analysis:** Dissolve the *Sample* in 85 g of a mixture of 249 parts of anhydrous acetone and 1 part of water, by weight.

**Acceptance criteria:** The apparent viscosity (see *Viscosity* (911), *Procedure for Cellulose Derivatives*) is between 45 and 90 centipoises, determined at 25 ± 0.2°.

### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight containers.
- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS** (11)  
USP Cellacefate RS